

# Salmon demand: Continued growth in EU+US requires an industry rethink

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*Today's hyperbole statement*

The salmon industry's current growth model doesn't work anymore  
The salmon industry needs new capabilities to continue growing

# Boston Consulting Group (BCG) at a glance

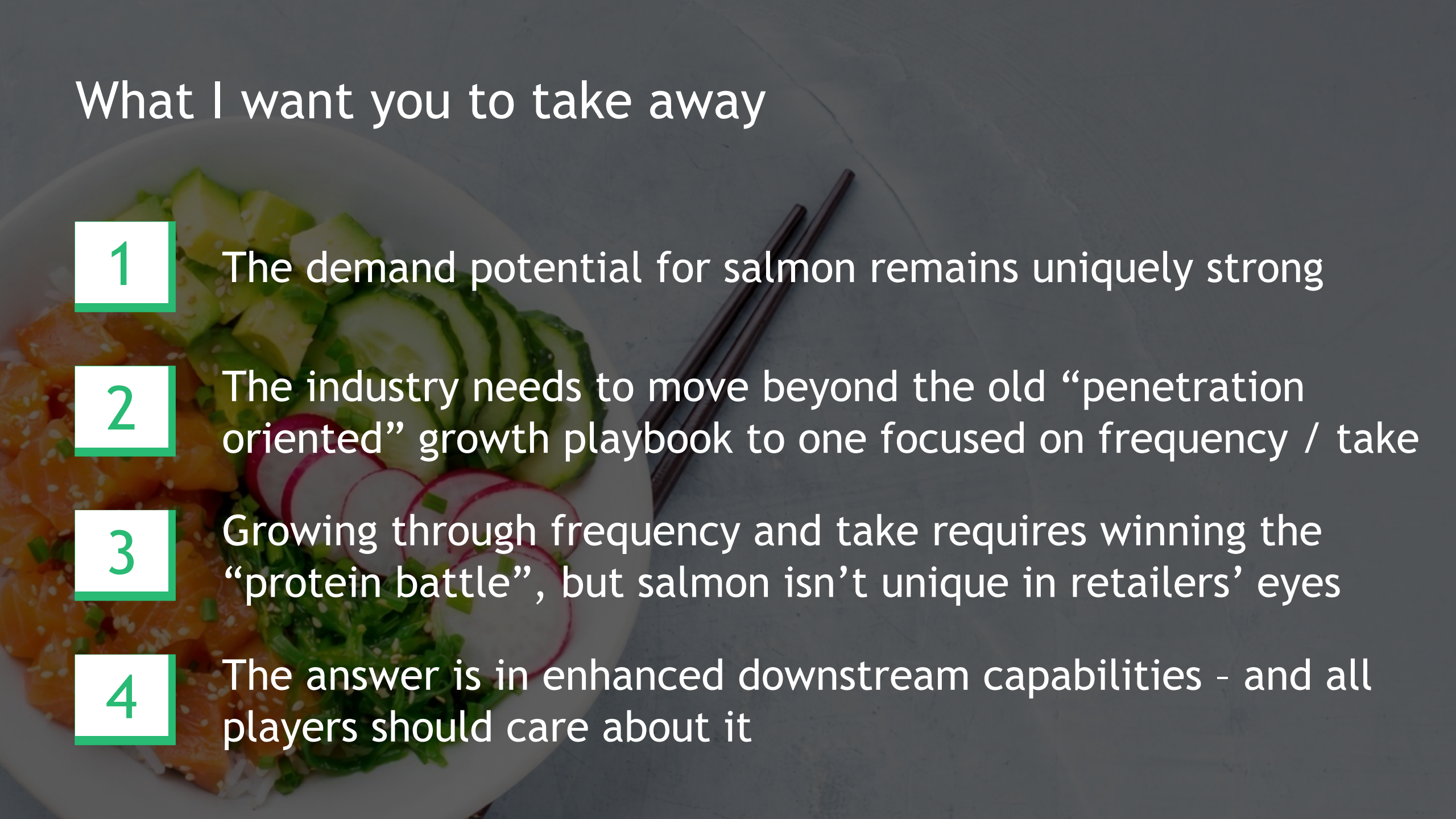
## Leading global impact advisor

- >13 \$bn global revenue
- 100+ offices in 50 countries, all continents
- #1 position across Nordics
- Experts across topics incl: Technology & AI, Cost, Pricing, Operations, M&A and transactions, Strategy

## #1 position in aquaculture globally

- Every step of the value chain (e.g. genetics, feed, farming and vessels)
- Across species (e.g. salmon, shrimp) and production technologies
- Working with farmers, suppliers and leading investors
- Work closely with the leading grocery retailers and wholesalers globally

# What I want you to take away

- 
- 1 The demand potential for salmon remains uniquely strong
  - 2 The industry needs to move beyond the old “penetration oriented” growth playbook to one focused on frequency / take
  - 3 Growing through frequency and take requires winning the “protein battle”, but salmon isn’t unique in retailers’ eyes
  - 4 The answer is in enhanced downstream capabilities - and all players should care about it

# Part 1

1 The demand potential for salmon remains uniquely strong

2 The industry needs to move beyond the old “penetration oriented” growth playbook to one focused on frequency / take

3 Growing through frequency and take requires winning the “protein battle”, but salmon isn’t unique in retailers’ eyes

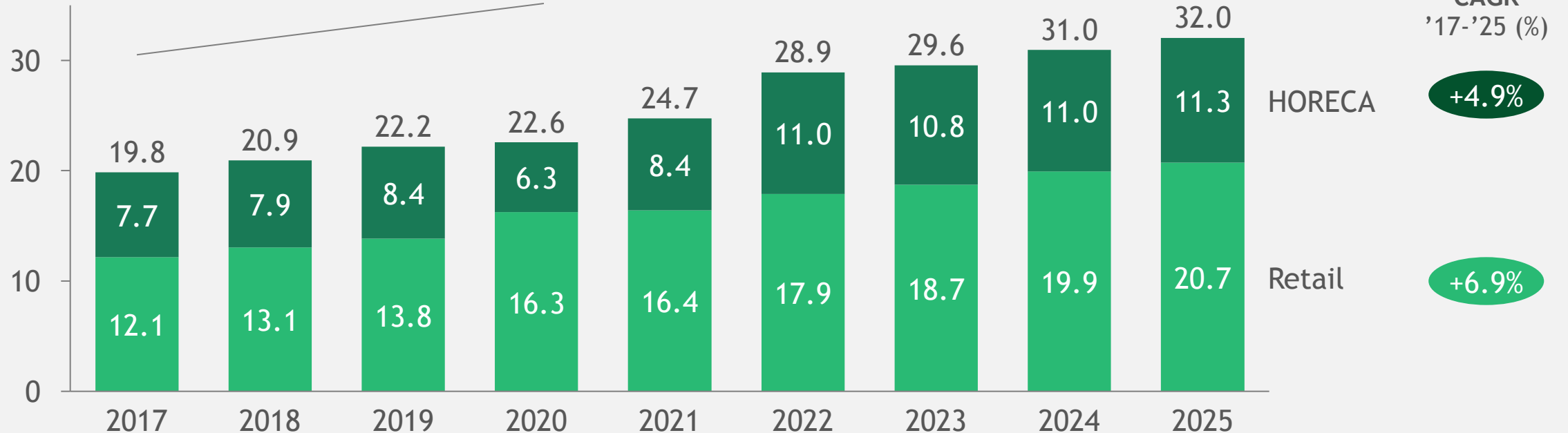
4 The answer is in enhanced downstream capabilities - and all players should care about it

# Global customer demand for salmon now exceeds >32 EURb - with retail as the growth engine

## Global end consumer demand for Atlantic salmon

Sales at retail or HORECA sourcing cost (bEUR)



CAGR '17-'25: +6%



# The potential is massive

(You have seen this before)

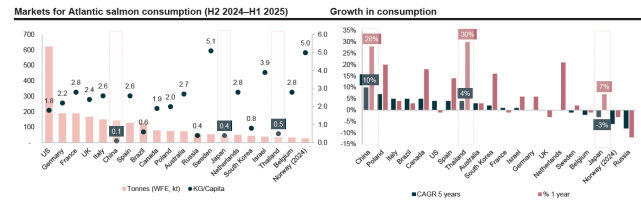
## Great DNB Carnegie report on theoretical potential from October 2025

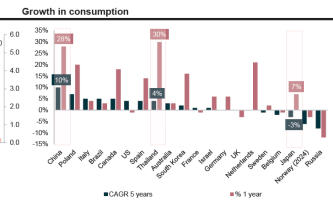
### Potential demand from new markets

The US is by far the largest single market for Atlantic salmon, with more than twice the volume of the second largest in absolute kt WFE (volume of c230kt), followed by the largest countries in the EU+UK region (volume of 150kt). Also now approaching the 150kt market size is China, which, in H2 2024-H1 2025 consumed 143kt WFE. China is a growing market, where a lot of the volume growth has come in 2025, with YTD import volumes at end-September up ~46% Y/Y. From the chart on the right below, we can see that the country has had a 10% CAGR over the past 5 years and 28% growth in Atlantic salmon consumption over the past year.

Looking at consumption per capita in kg WFE in H2 2024-H1 2025, marked by the dots in the left-hand chart below, the US comes in just below the EU+UK countries at ~1.8kg WFE versus the large EU+UK countries at 2-3kg WFE. In contrast, China is far behind at only 0.1kg WFE per capita. The Nordic countries Norway, Sweden, and Finland have consumptions of 5kg+ WFE per capita.



Markets for Atlantic salmon consumption (H2 2024-H1 2025)

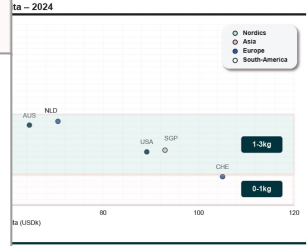


Growth in consumption

Source: DNB Carnegie (estimates) and NSC (data)

### Seafood

2024



Legend: Nordics, Asia, Europe, South America

0.1kg, 1kg, 2kg, 3kg, 4kg, 5kg

Source: DNB Carnegie (estimates) and NSC (data)

0.2kg per capita to 1.0kg suggests could grow from ~450kt to 2,000kt+ of rising per capita consumption, the sensitivity table below for different kg per capita assumptions (0.05-1kg and 1.5-3kg projections for 2040). The red cells mark current consumption levels summarised in the far-right column. Today, this equates to 16% of the 2024 harvest volume, translating into a weighted


stands out given its vast population, where a modest rise to 0.4kg per capita would reach ~530kt. If all countries in the analysis (with a relatively high at 0.8-0.9kg per capita) were to reach 1kg per capita, this would be ~2.2mt WFE, representing a CAGR of 11.1% from 2024. If all countries in the analysis (with a relatively high at 0.8-0.9kg per capita) were to reach 1kg per capita in 2040 reaches ~6mt WFE (implying 4.6% annual growth 2024-24), these countries alone would account for ~36% of global per capita scenario. A shift into the next bracket (1-3kg per capita) would, under these assumptions, trigger a significant step-change in demand.

Moreover, recent developments already highlight the potential: in China, per capita consumption has risen 50% YTD, demonstrating how quickly demand can grow. Meanwhile, although established markets have been mixed, significant growth is seen in countries such as China and Thailand that are the growth in countries such as China and Thailand that

## Companies' favorite slides

### Future growth mainly in Asia and Americas

- Europe is a more mature salmon market
  - Still very important with more than 40% of total consumption
  - High retail share of 70%
  - Strong growth in prepacked, smoked and fish counter
- Strong growth in Asia with e-commerce share the future
  - China becoming the market
  - Raw consumption dominant
  - Moving from out of home to retail
  - E-commerce boom
- Americas has still a big potential
  - Prepacked penetration rising
  - Chilean supplies very important



### A global leader – driving demand through category development and market penetration


**Diversified portfolio** of seafood products and brands

Strong sales & distribution organisation with **global reach**

Advanced **high-capacity VAP** operations in core regions

Secure and stable high-volume **access to resources** through responsible farming and sourcing of seafood resources

Leading **integrated value chain** from sea to plate



New product launch in Norwegian retail, February 2026

## Part 2

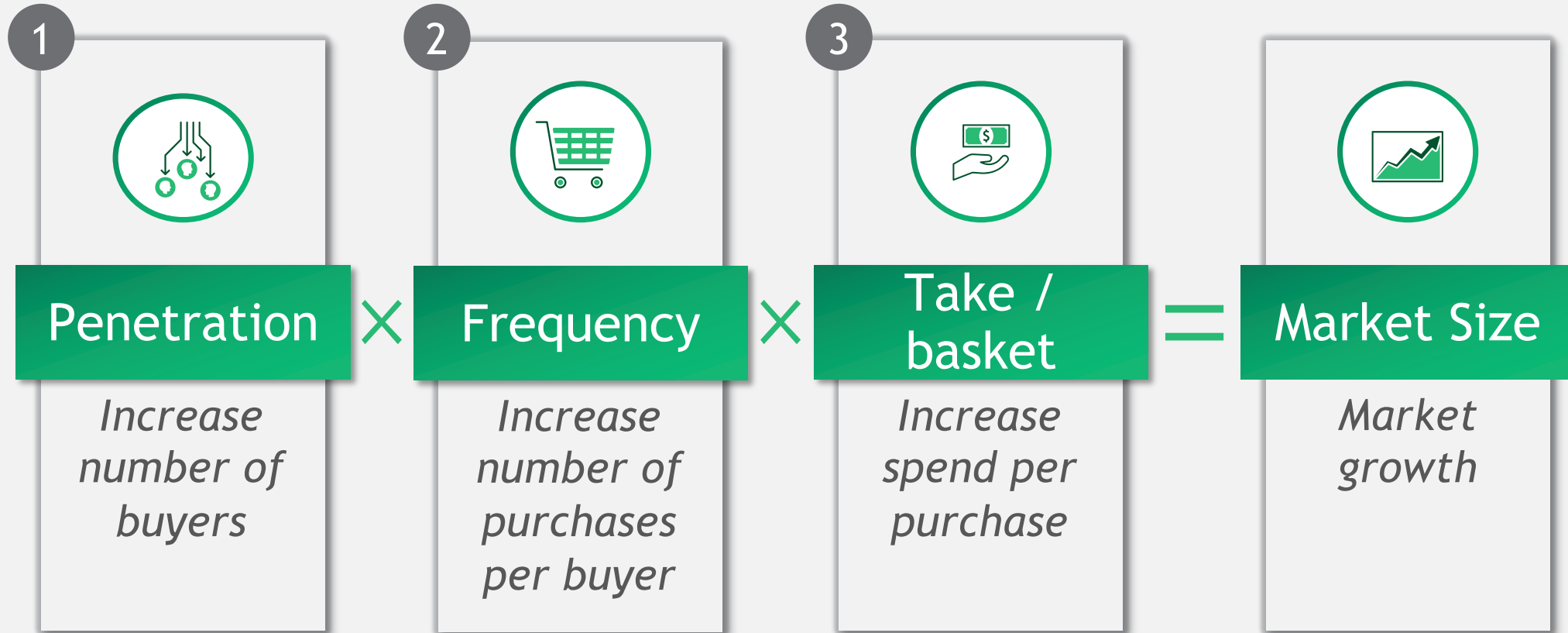
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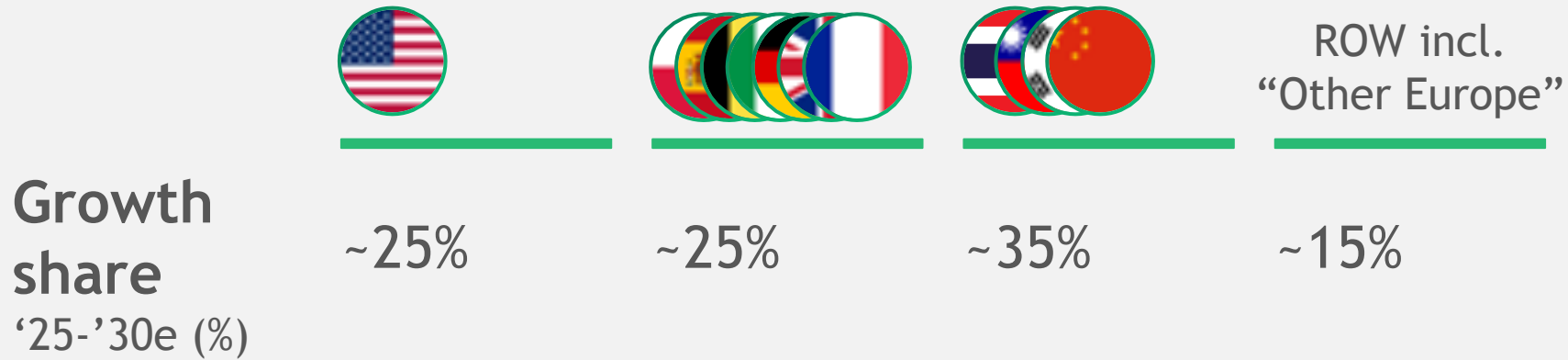
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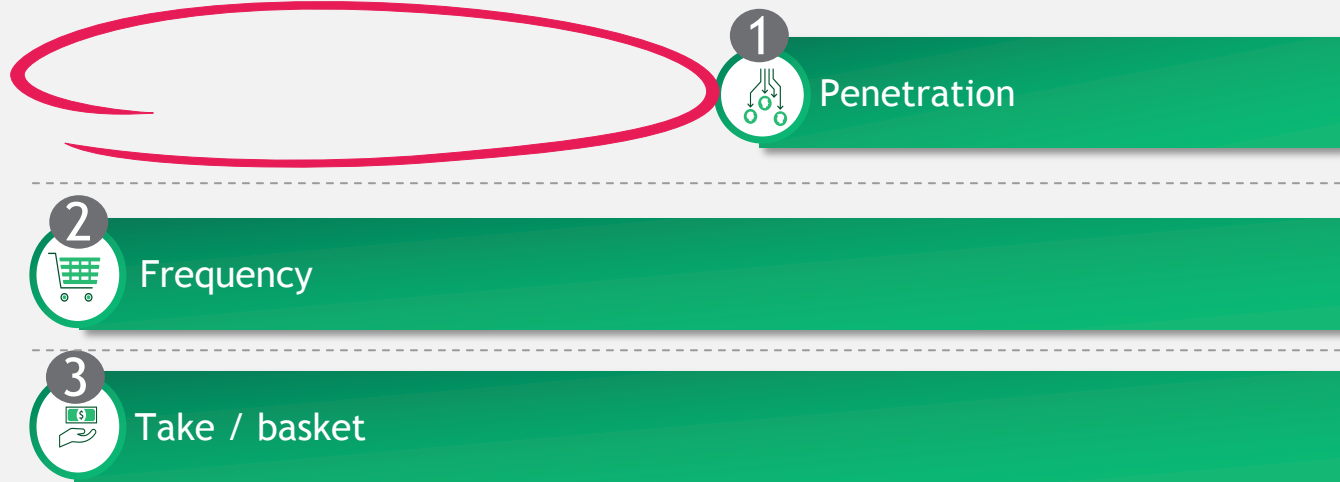
# Growth is a combination of three levers



# But which lever will vary by market



**How to grow?**  
(Without larger changes in salmon prices)



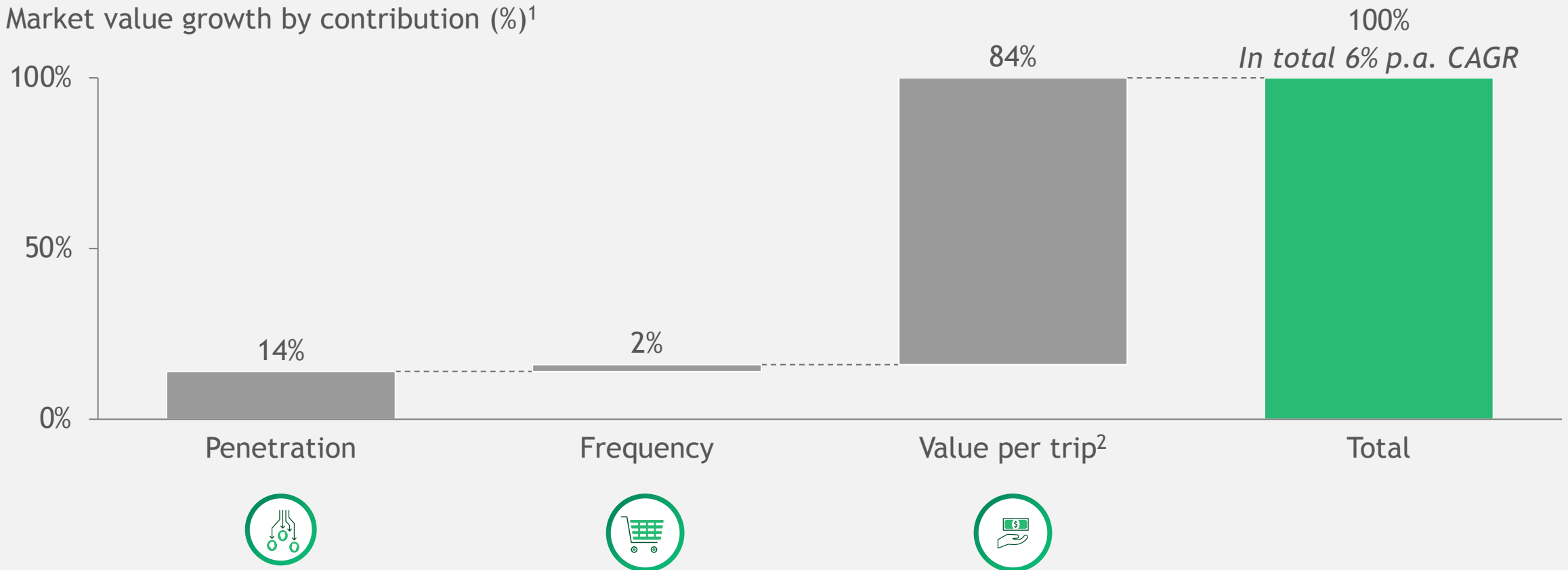
Asia and new markets will continue to be about penetration growth - something the industry knows well

But in EU and US - focus must be on frequency and take - that's not the industry's core competence

# This is already the reality - visible in last 5Y growth in EU

## EU: Drivers of salmon market growth 2019-2024

Market value growth by contribution (%)<sup>1</sup>



1. Years included vary slightly by market: Germany 2019-2024, France 2020-2024, UK 2018-2024, Spain 2013-2024, Italy 2019-2024, 2. Value per trip include both volume and price  
Source: Seafish UK, Nielsen Panel Data, Kantar Worldpanel, Government Sources, BCG End Customer Salmon Demand Model

Spain is a success story for growth

But also demonstrates challenges of driving sticky penetration growth over time



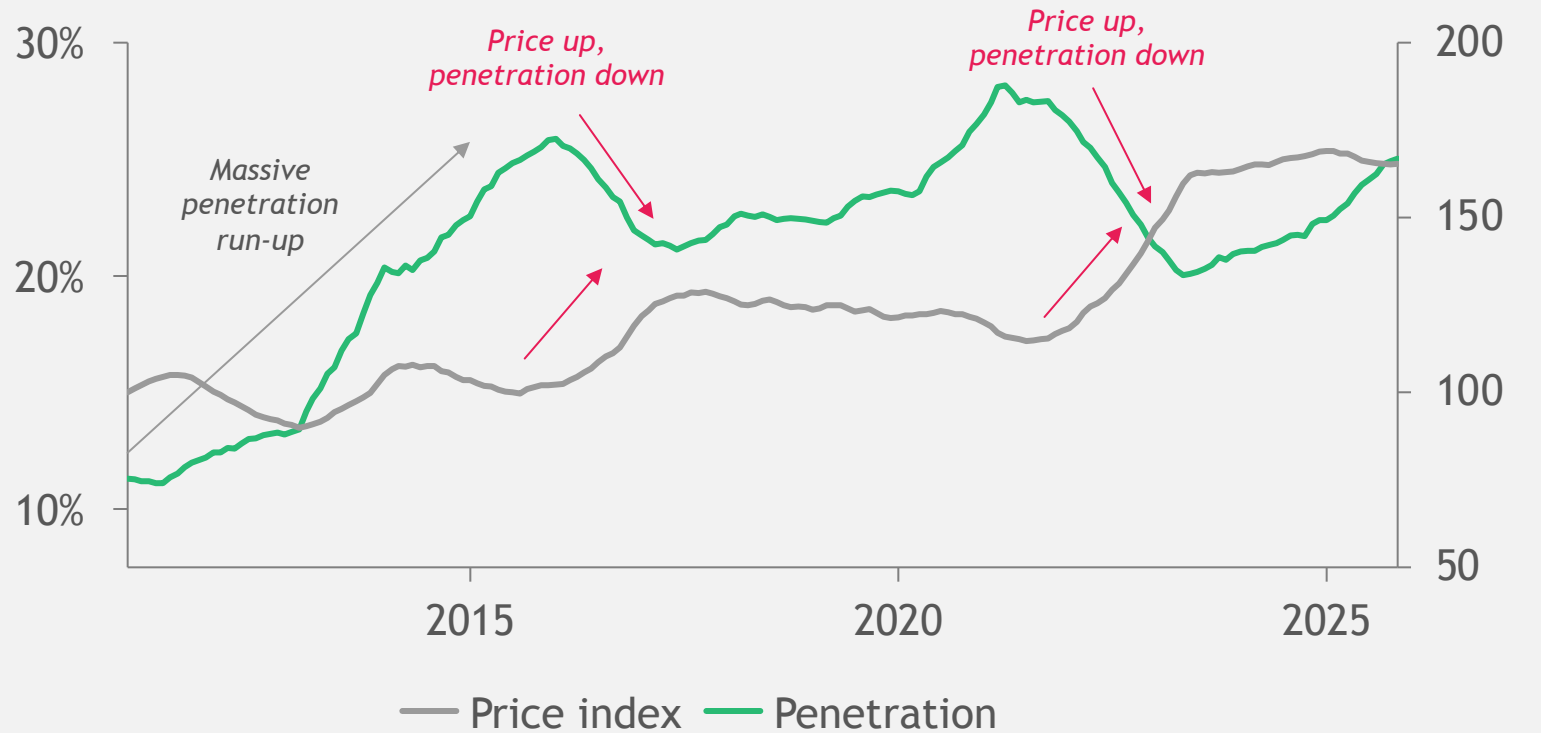
### Salmon retail sales Spain

Penetration

R12M avg. monthly penetration (%)

Price index

R12M price index (Dec 2010 = 100)



Note: Fresh salmon sales  
Source: Spanish government data

## Part 3

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# To accelerate growth in frequency / take vs. other proteins - the industry needs a demand muscle



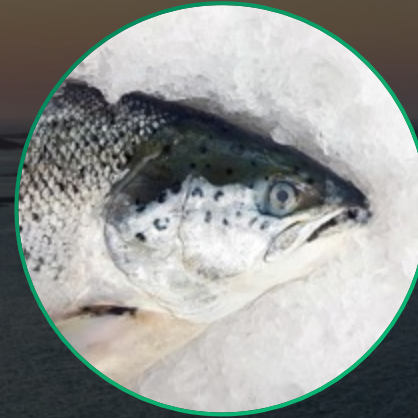
## Product innovation to drive sales

*New occasions for salmon consumption and more convenient/entry level offerings. Get customers to trade-up to more valuable products*



## Top of mind and educational marketing

*Storytelling and engagement of health benefits and inspiration how to cook*



## Extend shelf-life of salmon to reduce shrinkage

*Help retailers and consumers reduce shrinkage through format and supply tweaks*



## Closer collaboration with retailers

*Incentives to spend shelf-space and marketing on salmon vs. other proteins*

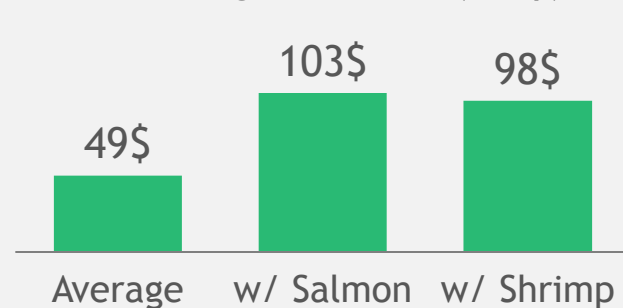
# Retailers must stock salmon, but trade-off their range, stock and purchasing decisions vs. other proteins

## Retailers need to stock salmon

Retailers like salmon - it drives basket

Salmon is needed for all retailers to have a relevant protein offering

US retail average basket size (\$/trip)



“Salmon is “love-hate” - we need it, but it is immature vs. most other categories we sell  
VP, Top 3 US grocery retailer

Note: 2021 data for basket  
Source: IRI via SupermarketNews; Expert interviews

## But how much / how depends

Optimization questions for salmon category depend on its competitiveness vs. other categories across:

- Category velocity
- Price, GM, Shrinkage
- Allocated shelf space

Driving frequency & take growth requires:

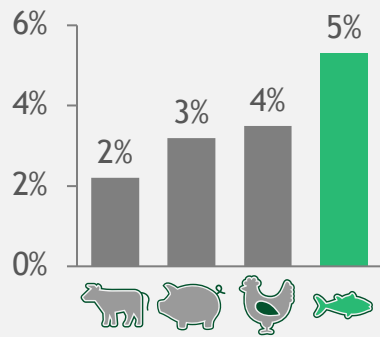
- New innovations
- Visible promotions
- More shelf space

# But incentives to “double down” on salmon vs. other proteins aren’t differentiated vs. other proteins



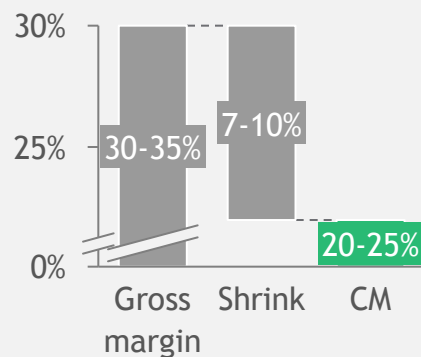
**More volatile margins vs. other proteins**

U.S. grocery GM by protein  
St. dev, R12M GM '10-'26 (%)



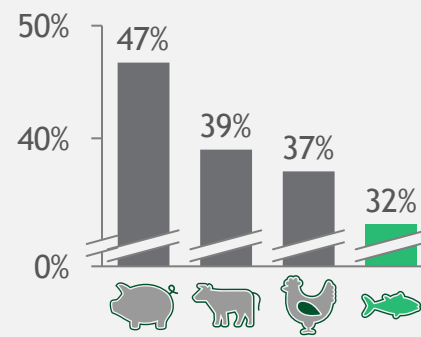
**Significant shrink weighing on net margin**

Salmon retail economics  
CM for salmon (%)



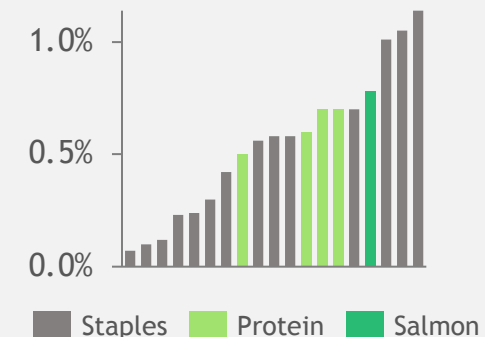
**Less promotion support from suppliers**

U.S. retail promo share  
'22-'25 weighted average (%)<sup>2</sup>



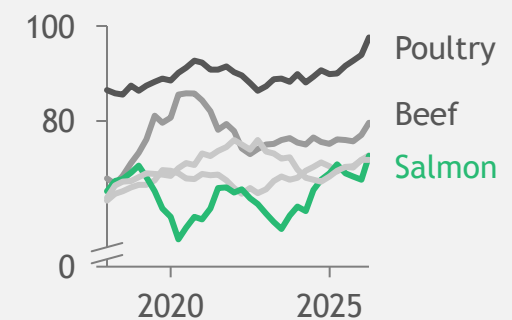
**Higher price elasticity**

US - Own-price elasticity  
Abs vol. Δ of 1% price lift (%)



**Lower category innovation**

US: Protein innovation index  
2016 - 2026



## Part 4

1

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The answer is in enhanced downstream capabilities - and all players should care about it

## *The answer?*

The industry needs to prioritize downstream demand more than before - FMCG companies should be the benchmark for how to operate



Invest in go-to-market including closer integration and collaboration with retailers, and find opportunities to differentiate



Strengthen customer- and category insights to identify differentiation opportunities, and actively work with retailers to realize



Invest in enhanced supply chain capabilities to help retailers (and end-customers) reduce shrinkage (e.g. more pre-packed, super-chilled)

# Examples of what a best in class FMCG playbook look like



## Invest in JM and promos

What are the best in class doing?

Invest in joint marketing and larger promotions that drive price perception and visibility of category

What does salmon buyers say?

“ Salmon has the lowest inclusion in our newspaper / DM promotions of all protein category.  
VP, Top 3 US grocery retailer

“ When all other suppliers fund activities - why should we give more shelf space to salmon?  
Cat Exec, Leading US Club



Not exhaustive

## Deep customer knowledge

Demand space / needs based customer insights steering innovations and category development. Co-location of analysts with grocers' teams

“ Many Norwegian farmers are piggy-backing on Sjømatrådet's macro insights - that's not what we are after  
Cat Exec, Top 5 US grocer

“ Rapidly capitalizing on HORECA trends and bringing them to grocery is super effective (in seafood tuna tartare as latest example)  
VP, Top 3 US grocery retailer

## Two FAQs that are typically asked

1

Salmon is in structural undersupply - why should we or my investors care about this?

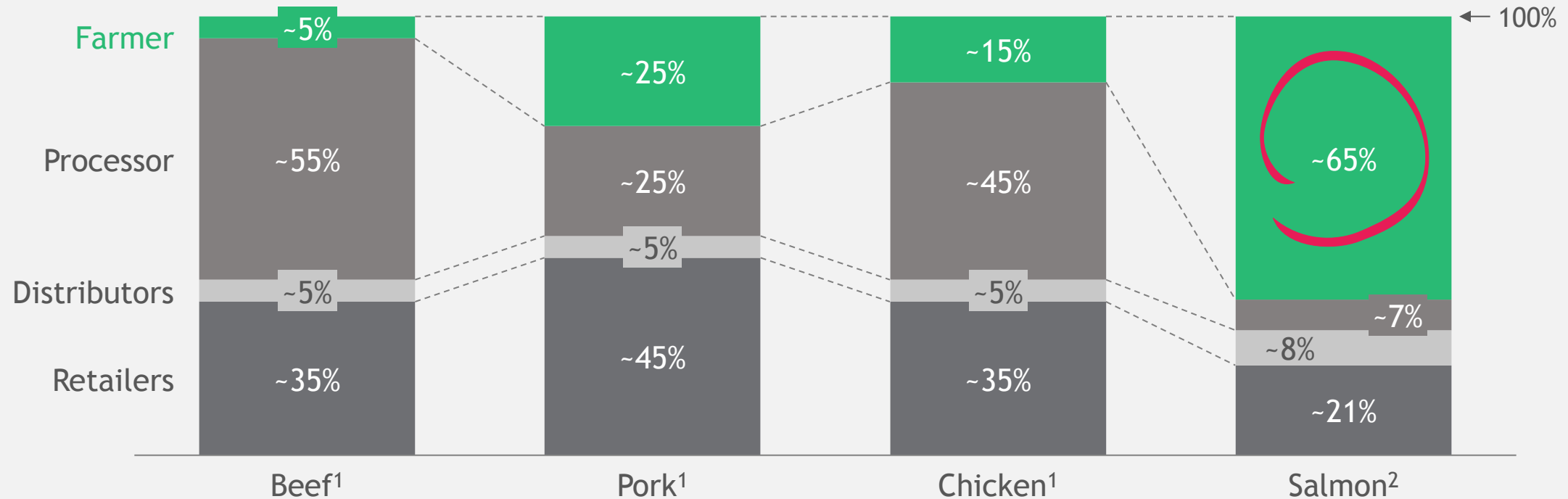
2

Shouldn't I just wait for someone else to lead the way and piggyback on their success?

1 Salmon is in structural undersupply - why should we or my investors care?

# #1: Competing effectively vs. other proteins requires full industry involvement due to unique profit pool dynamics

Retail EBIT profit pool per value chain segment  
Share of M\$ EBIT generation (%), 2020-2024 average



1. US numbers. EBIT profit pools estimated by sample of players, with USDA Retail-farm-wholesale spreads. 2. Global numbers. Leveraging BCG's estimated "end consumer demand" value for retail sales of Atlantic salmon. Retailer GM varying based on annual estimates - retailer OPEX incl. shrinkage assumed at 25%, wholeseller EBIT at 2%, and processor margin based on sample of 50+ processors in US and EU, Source: Kontali Analyse, USDA ERS, Company accounts, Nielsen, Arrowstream, Kantar Worldpanel, EUMOFA, FranceAgriMer, Lachs Direct, Europanel, Seafish, Statistics Japan, Statistics Canada, BMTI, News articles, Industry interviews, BCG analysis

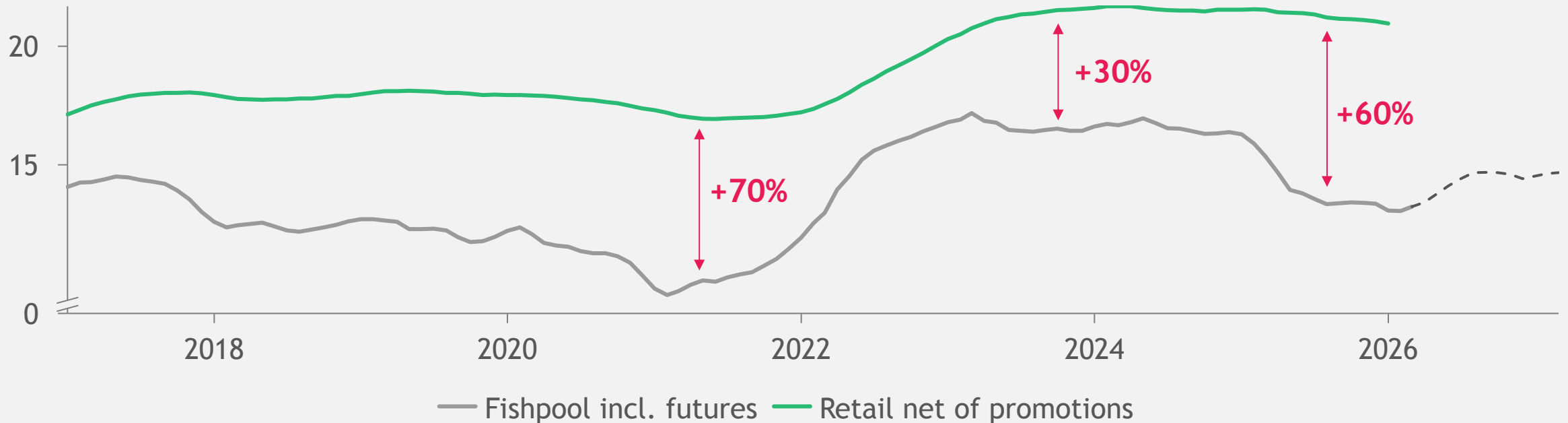
1 Salmon is in structural undersupply - why should we or my investors care?

# #1: Retailers ultimately decide demand growth - but don't always prioritize growth over margins

## Price dynamics EU - R12M

Retail: Average EU retail price for salmon (EUR/kg excl. VAT)

Raw material: Fishpool index market fillet prices<sup>1</sup> (EUR/kg)



1. Reported salmon spot price in Norway converted with 50% processing yield, Note: Retail price average in EU includes United Kingdom, France, Germany, Italy, Spain, Netherlands, Denmark, Ireland

Source: Nielsen; Statistics Bureaus in relevant geographies; ONS; EUMOFA; Fishpool; NASDAQ / SISISALMON

## Two FAQs that are typically asked

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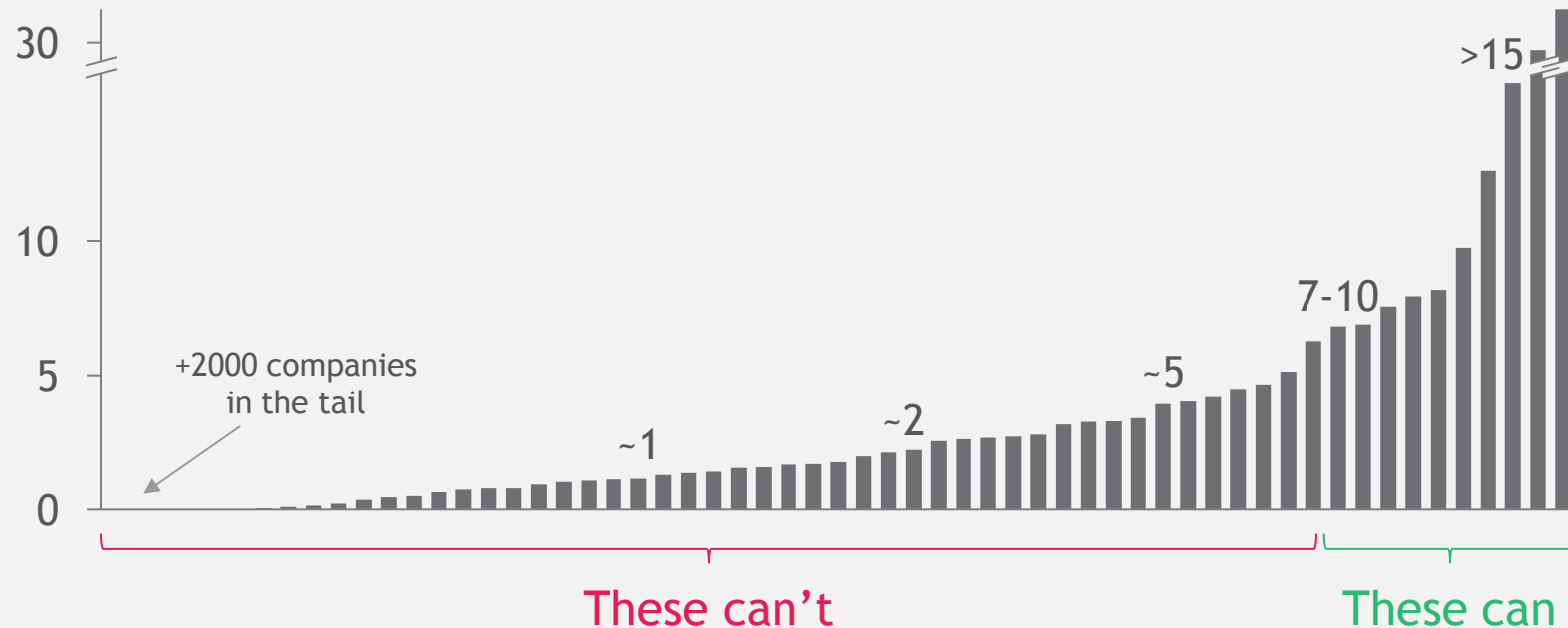
Shouldn't I just wait for someone else to lead the way and piggyback on their success?

2 Shouldn't I just wait for someone else to lead the way and piggy back?

# #2: The industry structure beyond farming is too fragmented to effectively finance needed capabilities

## European salmon VAP processors

Revenue (NOKb) FY 2024 - BCG's database of 60+ VAP companies



### You need:

- Category analysts
- Upskilled KAM personnel
- New innovation processes

When can you afford it at ~3-5% EBIT margin?

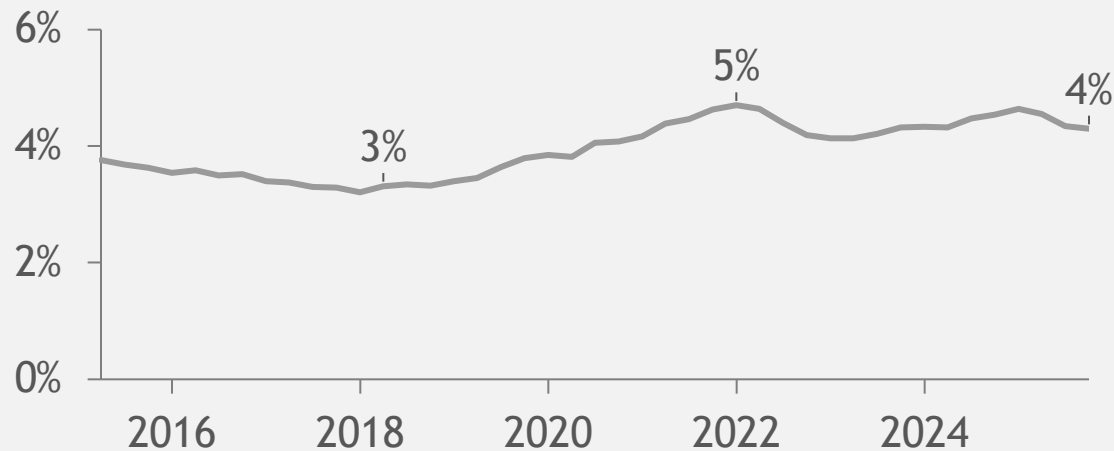
2 Shouldn't I just wait for someone else to lead the way and piggy back?

## #2: Retailers are loyal to growth - if you're the one delivering it, you keep a preferred position

Yes, retailers are fiercely commercial and willing to squeeze

Grocers are competitive businesses...

Global grocery retailers - EBIT margin median (R12M) %



But they are loyal to growth, and best-in-class suppliers can benefit

- Retailers constantly chase growth through differentiation
- As a supplier - being differentiated at innovation, analytics, collaboration and supply chain is rewarded
- Long list of successful and sticky both brand and PL relationships

Index includes: Tesco, Aeon, Albertsons, Ahold Delhaize, Metro, Carrefour, Casino, Guichard-Perrachon, Costco Wholesale, Dino Polska, Ingles Markets, Kesko, Kroger, Loblaw, Migros Ticaret A.S., J Sainsbury, Sprouts Farmers Market, Shoprite, Target, Walmart, Woolworths and Zabka  
Source: S&P Capital IQ; BCG ValueScience® Center

*The hyperbole we started with*

The salmon industry's current growth model doesn't work anymore

The salmon industry needs new capabilities to continue growing



*The nuanced take*

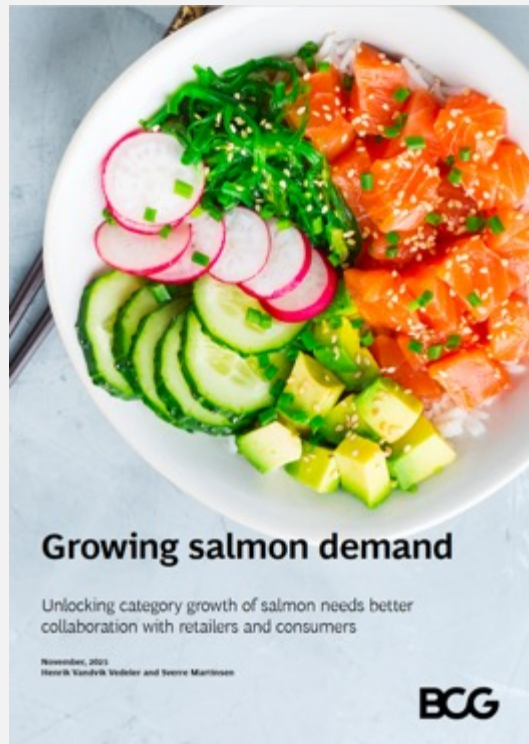
Salmon is the protein of the future: Healthy, sustainable and delicious

However, to drive high long-term growth in established markets - salmon increasingly need to win against other proteins

An improved set of capabilities and industry structures are needed to find and exploit pockets of growth

# Want to learn more?

## Read our publications



[www.bcg.com/publications/2025/growing-salmon-demand-how-to-unlock-category-growth](https://www.bcg.com/publications/2025/growing-salmon-demand-how-to-unlock-category-growth)

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